

Reverse Engineering 101

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“Introduction”

- Machines only talk binary – 1’s and 0’s
- Humans do not so we use programming languages
- “Low level = close to metal” and “high level = easy to code”
- Programs are compiled and then used
- This is where reverse engineering comes in.. Making binaries jump

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“Defining Reverse Engineering”

- People believed that once code was compiled it was safe
- Compiling code to binary was seen as type of encryption
- So compiling was used to “hide” algorithms, data, etc
- So if you could “see” or deduce the code from the binary...
- ...well you could make the program do what you wanted
- This is was the goal behind the underground RE, to “crack” games, etc

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“Who? Why?”

- Underground
 - To crack software
 - To gain proprietary information
 - To find vulnerabilities
- Government
 - Verifying trust in used software/hardware
 - To gain proprietary information
- Companies
 - To crack software
 - To gain proprietary information
- Researchers
 - Verifying trust in used software/hardware
 - To find vulnerabilities

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“How?”

- Firstly, Blood, sweat, tears ... and stress. Lets not forget stress.
- Secondly, the toolset used can be classified as..
- Static (this means checking the binary without it running)
 - Hex Editors – viewing the hex
 - Debuggers – try to move hex to assembly
 - Disassemblers – try to move hex to high level code
- Dynamic (fiddling with the binary while it is running)
 - Debuggers – can run the binary instruction by instruction
 - Emulators – can run binary in a fully contained and controlled setup
- Lastly - pen, paper and detective work

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“Past Examples”

- 1992 – Atari vs. Nintendo
 - Atari RE’ed the machine instructions for Nintendo console so that could produce games for it
 - Atari won
- 1992 – Sega vs. Accolade
 - Accolade RE’ed the Sega console so they could produce cartridges
 - Accolade won
- 2001 – US vs. Elcomsoft vs. Sklyarov
 - Dimitry gave a DEFCON talk
 - Talk was on cracking the Adobe ebook reader encryption
 - The next day he was arrested
 - Dec 16 2002, Elcomsoft and Dimitry were acquitted

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“Practical”

- Some basic examples, we will use typical game controls ...
- CD check
 - *<practical>*
- Keyfile check
 - *<practical>*
- Serial check
 - *<practical>*

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“So what does this mean?”

- Be aware
- Do not hide bad code in compiled code
- It is possible to “recover” legacy code
- Use encryption – take a page from virus writers
- Learn

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Thank you for your attention

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Ollydbg - <http://www.ollydbg.de/>
XVI - <http://www.chmaas.handshake.de/delphi/freeware/xvi32/xvi32.htm>
Intel Opcodes - <http://www.jegerlehner.ch/intel/opcode.html>
Conversion table - <http://www.laynetworks.com/ASCII%20to%20hex%20value%20chart.htm>
Laerning - http://acrigs.com/FRAVIA/FRAVIA_index.htm
Crackmes - <http://www.crackmes.de/archive/>

